

THE FAIR.

Here is a pile of bargains we have built up to be pulled down and carried off by our eager customers. Study carefully as there is not a block but is of interest to YOU.



Granite Sauce Pans are needed every day in the year, but more especially during canning season. Our sales on these have been so large we have been unable to keep our line complete. Were compelled to telegraph two orders last week, with covers 10c up.

Granite Tea and Coffee Pots. If you want bright shiny looking Tea and Coffee Pots, Tea Kettles, etc., that always look clean you will buy our copper lined ones. It is a pleasure to have your cup filled from one of these bright articles. Tea and Coffee Pots 44 and 66c, Tea Kettles 65 and 85c.

Granite Covered Pails 8c, 10c and 17c. Quarts 65c, extra covers 25c. Strainer pails, extra heavy Water Pails 30c, 40c, 50c. doz., extra rubber 4c doz. Dairy pails, milk cans, scrub Foot Tubs 60c. Soap Dishes covered jelly glasses, plain and painted, chamber pails with flat, slatted 18c and 22c doz., canisters 3c each.

Granite Basins, deep pudding pans and milk pans 5c up. Pie tins, round and square, layer cake tins, dripping pans, wash basins, dish pans, dinner pails, funnels, spoons, cups, etc.

Our Sales on Cortland screen doors and windows have been phenomenal. We have received cases that have not been brought in the store, simply piled up on the walk and sold. How could it be otherwise with a door sold complete for 65c? Extension window screen 10c.

Nothing can equal our line of glass. It is clear, sparkling and complete. From a 3c custard cup to a mammoth bowl. Of our many good things our new 10c assortment is not one of the least.

Hammocks. We have not waited to get a large price for these, but started them at the beginning of the season at a discount. The few we have left will be sold at the regular price. Large sizes with pillow 48c, 60c and 80c. Another with deep valance 95c, etc.

Open Stock in Dinner Ware is of fine and lovely china. We are making a special of this line for a few days. See our window of different decorations and prices.

Milk Pans, plain and heavy, 5c up, sanitary strainers 18c, common strainers 10c, milk dippers, angel tin 17c, six ringed muffin pan 5c, covered bread raisers 19c, 20c, 30c, 44c, 49c.

THE SYNDICATE FAIR STORE,
No. 8 East Main Street, Middletown, N. Y.

STILL NO ANSWER
Two Days Have Passed
Without a Word
From Spain.
SAGASTA'S GREAT TASK
Must Prepare the Public For the
Surrender.
ULTIMATE ACCEPTANCE EXPECTED

Believed That the Final Reply Will Be Received on Monday—The Trouble in the Sixth Massachusetts—Cabinet Attached With Miller Campaign.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 6.—When the president closed his official work yesterday, he had not received the reply of Spain nor any intimation as to how soon the reply might be expected. The French ambassador had not been heard from throughout the day, and he, as well as our government officials, was waiting for Spain to give the final response. Two days have now passed without a word officially from Spain, either in the way of inquiry or response. From this it is clear that the Spanish cabinet fully realizes that time for argument, counter proposals or modification has gone by and there is only one simple issue to be met—namely, whether the American terms will be accepted as a whole or rejected.

There is indeed reason to believe that the Spanish government has been directly advised that the stage of negotiations is past and that only the matter of an answer, favorable or unfavorable, remains. That the answer has not come quickly is no matter of surprise to the officials here, for they realize the tremendous responsibility which Premier Sagasta must assume in making these peace terms sufficiently palatable to the Spanish people and the political leaders to permit its acceptance without an internal revolution. In the opinion of

with the president and Secretary Day the French ambassador has brought out clearly the great task before Sagasta. It seems to be the general view here that if the premier and his ministers were untrammelled an acceptance would come at once and that the preliminary peace arrangement would be now closed. But in preparing the Spanish public and in guarding against political agitations hereafter by public men of other parties the Madrid officials are taking time for missionary work not only among themselves, but among all political and social elements.

The best informed persons here fix next Monday as the time when the United States government is likely to receive Spain's final answer, but this is simply conjecture, for there is not the slightest means of knowing the tendencies at Madrid. It might come today, but in the event of its coming late in the day or tomorrow it would not be communicated to the government until Monday. There is the same confident belief among officials that there has been from the first that Spain's answer would be a reluctant but not the less conclusive acceptance.

At the same time it was suggested yesterday in some quarters that there was a possibility that the disclosures made by the American general at Santiago concerning the serious condition of our troops might be a straw at which the Spanish cabinet would grasp. This is quite doubtful, however, as there is a question whether the statement of the American general ever got outside the borders of the United States owing to the strict censorship imposed Thursday night. Moreover, all the evidence reaching the officials here indicates that Spain is weary with the conflict and is convinced beyond the slightest question of the hopelessness of further opposition.

Two messages were received at the war department yesterday from Ponce, the first announcing the death of a brilliant young army officer and the second, from General Miles himself, touching the trouble in the Sixth Massachusetts regiment, which was the subject of official inquiry by Secretary Alger. Details of the latter telegram are not obtainable, but it is apparent that General Miles is determined to repress sternly at the very beginning any departure from military discipline, even among the volunteer element in his command.

As soon as can be gathered, the officers of the Sixth decided to submit to an examination which was prescribed by the brigade officers, the proper authority, and upon the outcome of the latter they sought to resign their commissions. General Miles himself is dealing with the case, and it is thought to be likely that he will order the resignation of

discharge them from the service of the United States, and the latter is possible, the governor of Massachusetts will be called upon to appoint their successors.

It can be said that up to this time the officials are thoroughly satisfied with General Miles' conduct of the Porto Rico campaign, and they do not hesitate to admit that the events that have occurred since his landing at Guánica fully justify the arbitrary change made by him in the carefully laid plans of the department for the conduct of the campaign.

SAMPSON SUCCEEDS WATSON.
Ordered to the Command of the Eastern Squadron—Clark Invalided Home.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 6.—Rear Admiral Sampson has been ordered to assume command of the eastern squadron, which will be ordered to proceed to the coast of Spain, provided the rapidly expected today from the Madrid government to the president's terms of peace is not satisfactory.

The fleet is now assembled at Guantanamo bay, ready to sail the moment the orders are received. It comprises the battleships Iowa, Indiana, Massachusetts and Oregon, the armored cruisers New York and Brooklyn, the protected cruiser New Orleans and the auxiliary cruisers Dixie, Tanquet, Yosemite and Mayflower.

Orders were given some days ago for the departure of the fleet, but they were subsequently revoked, in view of the probability of peace resulting from the negotiations initiated by Ambassador Cambon.

Captain Charles E. Clark, commanding the battleship Oregon, has been condemned by a medical board of survey. He has been detached and granted six months' sick leave.

It is believed at the department that Captain Clark's disability is the result of the strain under which he has been laboring since March last, when he brought the Oregon around the Horn and participated so gallantly in the battle with Cervera's fleet.

Captain A. S. Barker has been assigned to command the Oregon.

Sighted the From.
ST. JOHN'S, N. F., Aug. 6.—The Norwegian brigantine Thier, Captain Froststad, 24 days from Reikiavik, reports passing Nansen's Arctic steamer Fram on July 11 in latitude 62.16 north, longitude 30.18 west. The Fram was proceeding northward, and a strong westerly wind was blowing. She signaled that all was well. The Fram this season is carrying a private scientific expedition, mainly English, under Dr. Henson's old officer, Lieutenant Johnsen.

PROTESTS PREVAIL.

First Contingent of Shafter's Army Expected Thursday.

WILL GO DIRECT TO MONTAUK POINT

Secretary Alger Explains the Delay in Getting the Army Home—Preparations Made Before Roosevelt's Letter Came—Will Not Wait for Thursday.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 6.—The first detachment of troops from Santiago will arrive at New York next Thursday. These troops formed a part of General Wheeler's cavalry division and are being brought to the United States on the transport ship Louisiana.

The ship will be held in quarantine at New York until carefully inspected by Surgeon General Sternberg and Wyman. Every precaution is to be taken to prevent yellow fever from being taken to Montauk Point.

In proof of the allegation that the war department had hesitated itself to succor the unfortunate army in Santiago before the united protest was made the following statement is given out by the secretary of war regarding the shipment of troops north from Santiago:

"Until quite recently it was supposed that yellow fever was epidemic in Santiago, and it was not believed that it would be safe to send shiploads north of men largely infected with yellow fever. The disease, it was believed, would spread rapidly on shipboard and result in the death and burial of many at sea."

"On the 28th ult. the secretary of war telegraphed to General Shafter that as soon as the fever subsided the men of his command would be moved north to a camp that has been selected for them on Montauk Point. On the 30th of July General Shafter telegraphed, 'Made known secretary of war's telegram that troops would be moved north as soon as fever subsided, and it had a very good effect on the men.'"

When, however, the true condition was made known an order was issued to General Shafter to move his command north as rapidly as possible, and all ships in the quartermaster's service possible to get to Santiago were sent there, and the great liners St. Paul and St. Louis were also ordered there. All this was done before the communication signed by General Shafter and his generals was received and before Colonel Roosevelt's letter was published.

Over 150 surgeons are at Santiago, and 175 immune nurses have been sent there, besides the usual hospital corps that always attends such an army. There have been less deaths in Santiago by yellow fever than by typhoid fever in any camp of the same size in the United States.

SHAFTER'S SICK LIST.

Total Number Sick Over Three Thousand. Fourteen Deaths on Thursday.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 6.—The war department last night posted the following bulletin from General Shafter:

"Sanitary report for Aug. 4: Total sick, 3,354; fever cases, 2,648; total new cases of fever, 503; total cases of fever returned to duty, 549; deaths Aug. 4, Joseph Hynes, Troop E, Ninth cavalry, and David Mertner, Troop E, Third cavalry, causes not reported; Peter L. Vanderveen, Company L, Thirty-fourth Michigan, malarial fever; H. L. Pease, Company H, Eighth Infantry, malarial fever; Patrick Neely, Company F, Thirty-fourth Michigan, yellow fever; L. Pagner, Company G, Thirteenth Infantry, yellow fever; Fred Roper, Company H, Twenty-first infantry, yellow fever; Owen Thornton, Company B, Thirty-fourth Michigan, yellow fever; Paul Zambuck, Company K, First Illinois, yellow fever; Charles Thomas, Company A, Eighth Ohio, malarial fever; William Cornin, Company C, Twenty-second infantry, malarial fever; William Murphy, Company E, Eighth Infantry, thermic fever exhaustion; William Gibson, Company G, Seventh Infantry, typhoid fever; Nathan J. Abbott, Company E, Seventh Infantry, typhoid fever."

MADRID, Aug. 6.—The government has given orders that the minister of war shall not force resistance in Porto Rico to the utmost.

This is at the instigation of Premier Sagasta, who deplores any unnecessary loss of life, knowing that Porto Rico will inevitably fall into the hands of the Americans.

Captain General Macias has been instructed to obtain terms like those obtained by General Toral, or better, so as to save Spanish honor as much as possible.

Michigan Reserves Discharged.
WASHINGTON, Aug. 6.—The reduction of the present large naval force of the United States will begin today, when the Michigan naval reserves, manning the United States auxiliary cruiser Yosemite, will be discharged from the service. The Yosemite is at Newport News, Va. She was formerly one of the Morgan line steamships and will probably be resold to that company. Only a caretaker's crew will be left on board after the men are discharged. The naval reserve organizations will be discharged from the service as fast as the navy department can dispose of the vessels they are manning.

Philippine Question at Hongkong.
LONDON, Aug. 6.—The Hongkong correspondent of The Daily Mail says: "The prospect of America abandoning the Philippines has well nigh brought on a panic. The insurgent leaders are greatly disheartened with the Americans and the British here. Mr. Wildman, the United States consul, has replied to Aguinaldo as follows: 'Trust to the honor and justice of the United States and let nothing interfere with the first task of throwing off the Spanish yoke. I believe in you. Do not disappoint me.'"

DUN'S REVIEW.

Peace Prospects Have a Stimulating Influence on Trade.

NEW YORK, Aug. 6.—R. G. Dun & Co.'s weekly review of trade says: Failures were in number fewer in July than in either of four preceding years, and in amount of liabilities smaller than in any year excepting the last, when July failures were the smallest in any month on record. Trading failures were both fewer and in amount smaller than in any previous year. Two large failures of real estate corporations make up nearly a quarter of the aggregate this year, and a few others not connected with the general condition of business make up over 40 per cent of the manufacturing aggregate. In the three full months since the war was declared the failures in manufacturing and trading have amounted to only \$4,000 more than last year and have been smaller than in the same months of any other year.

Prospects of peace stimulate many kinds of business. In spite of records, the impression prevails that delay and hesitation have legitimately resulted from war, and larger contracts are in fact coming forward for iron products, with a better general demand in most industries. The volume of payments through all clearing houses was the largest ever known in July, being 8 per cent larger than in 1897 for the month, and for the past week 13.7 per cent larger. Most industrial works have resumed after a shorter vacation with fewer participating than usual. A few labor troubles only call attention to the fact that this season has been remarkably free from such hindrances.

In spite of a promise of 700,000,000 bushels of wheat, including 300,000,000 spring this year, the price is 1 1/2 cents higher for the week. The disposition of farmers to hold back their wheat for prices more like those obtainable recently accounts for receipts 30 per cent smaller than last year, but exports, including flour, were 3,411,647 bushels, against 2,528,725 for the same week last year and for five weeks of the crop year 12,474,553 bushels, against 9,873,192 last year. The visible supply is extremely low, but exports at the present rate throughout the year would have little lifting power if the crop is about 200,000,000 bushels more than home needs for seed and food.

Failures for the week have been 196 in the United States, against 237 last year, and 21 in Canada, against 25 last year.

PRINCESS OF WALES' MISSION.

Said to Have Gone to Copenhagen on a Diplomatic Errand.

LONDON, Aug. 6.—There is great uneasiness on all sides here in view of the Chinese situation, which is regarded as bringing an open conflict between Great Britain and Russia within measurable distance, and it is universally felt that the Marquis of Salisbury's inactivity in yielding to Russian aggressiveness is responsible for the dangerous complication, which can only be overcome by the most prompt and most firm intimation that Russia's open opposition to British commercial concessions must cease.

In connection with this a curious story is current. It is now said the Princess of Wales' hurried departure from England was in response to a dispatch from her sister, the Dowager Empress of Russia, bearing upon the Anglo-Russian relations.

It is well known that the dowager empress is strenuously working to conclude a definite understanding regarding Anglo-Russian interests in the far east, and it is said great importance attaches to the meeting of the sisters at Copenhagen.

CONDENSED DISPATCHES.

Bank robbers secured nearly \$10,000 at Richland, Mich.

The 400 employees of the Syracuse Rapid Transit company have struck.

Striking woodworkers at Oshkosh, Wis., attacked police who were defending nonunion men.

It is reported in London that the Prince of Wales will visit the United States next summer.

Congressman Joseph D. Sayers has been nominated for governor of Texas by the Democrats.

Great uneasiness is felt in London over the possibility of a conflict with Russia because of the Chinese situation.

Prince Herbert Bismarck has begun suit against two Hamburg photographers who got into Friedrichsruhe and took pictures of Prince Bismarck after the latter's death.

The Royal Ulster Yacht club has decided to issue a challenge for Sir Thomas Lipton for the America's cup independent of the Yacht Racing association. Sir Thomas has just given \$100,000 to start a London cheap dining room for the poor.

Postmasters Appointed.
WASHINGTON, Aug. 6.—The following fourth class postmasters have been appointed: Delaware—Little Creek, William A. Blackson. New York—Bovensville, David Reaser; Lodi Center, James H. Gould.

New York Markets.
FLOUR—State and western strong and more active; winter patents, \$4.10 @4.50; winter straight, \$4.04.40; Minnesota patents, \$4.50@4.75; winter extras, \$3.15@3.40.

WHEAT—No. 2 red strong and higher on continued light receipts, foreign buying and higher cables; September, 71 1/2 @73.30c.; December, 70 1/2 @72c.

RYE—Strong; state, 47c.; No. 2 western, 46 1/2 @48c.; c. l. f. Buffalo.

CORN—No. 2 firm on export inquiry and the rise in wheat, September, 37 1/2 @38 1/2 @39c.; December, 36 1/2 @37c.

OATS—No. 2 quiet, but stronger; track, white, state, 23@25c.; track, white, western, 22@24c.

PORK—Dull; mess, \$9.75@10; family, \$10.25@11.

LARD—Firm; prime western steam, 11 1/2 @12c.; regular.

MADRID CONFERENCE.

Silvela, Polavieja and Ascaranga Advise Sagasta.

SALMERON BLAMES THE GOVERNMENT

Refuses to Support the "Oligarchy" Which Caused Spain's Misfortune—Weyler Would Attend the Conference, Would Want Troops Sent Home.

MADRID, Aug. 6.—In the conference between Senor Sagasta and Senor Silvela the latter urged that it was imperative to summon the cortes for the negotiation of a treaty of peace. General Polavieja, who was present, declined subsequently to speak of the conference to representatives of the press on the ground that his duty as a soldier imposed secrecy upon him, but General Ascaranga said that if Spain possessed adequate resources the war should be continued in order to secure more acceptable conditions; otherwise peace ought to be immediately concluded.

General Chinchilla, captain general of Madrid, said: "We have a brave and well disciplined army, and it is ready to go wherever it is sent."

Later Senor Sagasta conferred with Senor Salmeron, the Republican leader, who told the premier, in the course of a long conference, that he blamed the government greatly for closing the cortes and stifling the press. After the interview he said he had assured Senor Sagasta that he would reserve his opinion on the general situation until the chamber was convoked, but that neither directly nor indirectly, would he support the "existing oligarchy, which is the cause of all Spain's misfortune."

Last evening the premier conferred with General Weyler, Marshal Primo de Rivera, Senor Genueno, minister of public instruction and public works, and Senor Romero Giron, minister of the colonies.

An official dispatch from Porto Rico says: "American cavalry, assisted by the insurgents, have captured Fucena and Cabezas, the lighthouse station at San Juan."

At the cabinet council last evening Senor Sagasta recounted to his colleagues what had been said in the conferences with the various political leaders earlier in the day. No decision was taken.

Senor Pulgover, minister of finance, read a proposal to increase the note circulation and guarantee of the Bank of Spain.

The council also considered an official dispatch from Santiago, signed by General Toral, saying that owing to the smallness of the camp which the Americans had conceded, the absence of tents and the improper food the number of Spanish sick had increased to 10,000, the death rate being from 12 to 14 daily. The dispatch said also that the beds were now altogether insufficient for so large a number of sick soldiers and that their transportation ought to commence immediately. General Toral informed the government that the wound of General Linares had not developed any complications, but was causing him great pain.

Weyler Would Attend Peace Conference.
LONDON, Aug. 6.—The Madrid correspondent of The Standard says:

"Senor Sagasta had prepared for submission to the leaders whom he consulted a most interesting sketch not only of the preliminary negotiations and soundings, but also of M. Cambon's efforts to induce President McKinley to leave the Porto Rico question open for future negotiations and to get better conditions for Spain in the Philippines, where he was more successful, as well as to induce the president to select some neutral European capital instead of Washington for the meeting of the peace conference."

Senor Sagasta also submitted reports from all quarters bearing on the question. Undoubtedly it would have been better for the country's interests had the personages consulted remained silent. The revelations of some of them are hardly calculated to strengthen the government.

General Weyler, in a curt note, declined to enter the conference, but promised to reply if Senor Sagasta would put his inquiries into writing."

Zola's Appeal Dismissed.

PARIS, Aug. 6.—The court of cassation has dismissed the appeal of M. Emile Zola against the decision of the Versailles assize court on July 13 in overruling several objections raised by M. Labori, counsel for M. Zola. The Versailles court upon that occasion also refused to suspend the trial while the defendants appealed against the overruling, whereupon M. Labori announced that he would allow judgment by default, and M. Zola and M. Perreux, the managing editor of The Aurore, were sentenced each to a year's imprisonment, with 2,000 francs fine and to pay the costs of the suit, which was for libel, brought against them by the officers who composed the Esterhazy court martial.

Terrible Suffering in Newfoundland.

HALIFAX, Aug. 6.—The schooner Cambridge has arrived here and brings a tale of terrible suffering in Newfoundland and Labrador. The party was on a prospecting expedition and included Dr. Morris, whose services were required at Lewis inlet night and day to give relief to persons sick and dying from starvation. Large quantities of provisions were distributed from the vessel. The same condition of affairs exists all along the coast. There are 1,500 persons similarly afflicted, and immediate relief is necessary. The failure of the fisheries will tend to further increase the suffering.

YOUNGEST MAIL-CARRIER.

A Seven-Year-Old Boy Travels a Route in Pennsylvania Five Times Every Single Day.

Andalusia, Bucks county, Pa., has a modern boy wonder. His name is Albert Francis Hoffman King; he is seven years old, a real letter carrier, and so fond of work that he declines to eat his breakfast until he has seen his mail safely to the post office.

Every morning at five o'clock the youngster climbs out of his comfortable bed and trudges down to the post office, a little one, not far from his home. The post office is called Lower Andalusia, and the mail has to be taken to the larger post office at Upper Andalusia. It is quite a tramp—more than a mile—and the route, Uncle Sam has decreed, must be traveled five times every day, beginning with the early morning trip referred to.

It makes no difference whether it is sunshine or storm, the little fellow trudges manfully over his "route," as he calls it, on schedule time, and has never during the year he has acted as mail carrier missed a single mail or in any way caused a letter to be delayed—something not very many grown-up people in the government service can truthfully say. Indeed, so notable has this little boy's trustworthiness become that the government officials at Washington have heard of it, and think the little carrier at Andalusia is something of a juvenile marvel. In big, round handwriting Albert has written a very boyish letter telling what he does. It is not very long, but greatly to the point. This is what he says:

"I carry the mail alone, a mile, to the post office five times a day, and go to school every day there is any, and we do not miss many days of school here. I tell you, I carry the mail so I can earn some money, for I shall need it when I grow up. I am seven years old, but I feel a great deal older, because I have what papa calls responsibility. I carry the New York mail at ten o'clock. I take the morning mail to the post office



ALBERT F. H. KING.

again. At four o'clock I make another trip, and at five another. I was born on the 6th of April, 1900, on Easter morning. I was baptized in the Episcopal Church of the Redeemer."

In connection with the boy's work and his interesting letter, it is worthy of note that his teachers say he stands very high in his studies; that he is as anything brighter and fresher so far as his mentality is concerned than the majority of boys who have no tasks to interfere with their studies, and that he is as well stocked with ambition as most boys who boast of twice his years. —Chicago Inter Ocean.

Rooster Was Full of Fight.
A game cock is naturally pugnacious, but it generally confines its aggressions to its own kind, with an occasional dash at a dog or cat. A Baltimore bird is an exception. The other day a woman, with a child in her arms, went into the yard, and the cock immediately flew at the child, driving a spur into its cheek. Then it attacked the woman, and fought for several minutes, tearing her gown into shreds. Fortunately a man appeared on the scene with a long whip and he pried it so vigorously that the bird was glad to run away.

New Record in Hunting.
There is a Missouri boy who has made a new record in hunting. He was out hunting, and had put into his old muzzle-loader a charge of powder when he found that he had exhausted his shot. Just as he made this unwelcome discovery he saw a deer. He searched hastily in his pockets, found a marble and rammed it home. The shot brought down the game dead as a door nail, and the boy has a hunting story to tell for the rest of his life.

TEACHING IN ALASKA.

A Magazine Writer Tells of an Agency School Where There Were Four Teachers.

Miss Anna Fulcomer writes an article for the Century on "The Three N's at Circle City." Miss Fulcomer says:

The greatest drawbacks to my school work was the lack of books. Naturally, most of the children required chart and primer, neither of which was included in the school outfit, nor could they be obtained at Circle City.



NATIVE SCHOOL CHILDREN.

Circle City. Had there not been a good blackboard and a plentiful supply of crayon I scarcely know how I should have managed. I would group the little ones about me at the blackboard, and make up the lessons, day by day, in both printing and writing. They liked to write—it came easy to them—and each one tried to make his writing look plainer and neater than that of his fellows. The little ones were ambitious to read out of books. "Like the big girls." As I had none for them, they hunted up "books," as they called them, seizing upon stray leaves from novels and pieces of newspapers.

A good many grown girls and boys were just learning to read. They were ashamed and awkward at the blackboard, and at first did not progress as fast as the little ones. They made such uphill work, and was so discouraging, that I was afraid I would lose many of the older ones altogether. At this juncture, however, the missionary of the Church of England, who was stationed for the winter at Circle City, kindly helped me out by the loan of a number of books, slates and pencils. Among these books were six primers and first readers. How happy I was to get them, even though they had to be divided among 30 children! I doubt if such a medley of books was ever before seen in a school room; a set of ordinary school books for intermediate grades, including a physical geography and a world's history; English readers, spellers and little paper-covered arithmetic; 20 pages from "Christy's Old Organ;" about half of the New Testament; 100 pages from "The Woman in White;" parts of four other novels; newspaper scraps and a couple of the queerest possible little religious primers, published by a London tract society. The leaves of some of the books were yellow with age, having been taken into that region by some miners who had studied them 30 or more years ago. It was amusing to watch the children spelling out the words and trying to read in these scraps of old books and papers.

Tallow Candles as Food.
Speaking of candles recalls the curious fact that many Russians eat them—that is, the tallow ones. A Hong-Kong paper notes that the Russian bluejackets when they get shore leave always indulge in the luxury of tallow candles, which they eat with as much gusto as an American boy would a stick of candy. It was a marvelous sight to any but a Russian to see a party of men chewing candles, the petty officers having extra large ones; but it is a custom that prevails in Russia, where the extreme cold renders the eating of fat a necessity to keep up the heat of the body.

This Comes from Boston.
"Where are we going, papa?" asked a little five-year-old. "To Copp's Hill burying ground." "Is that where all the policemen are buried?"—Youth's Companion.

A Frontier Tragedy.

THE serious wounding at Santiago of Lieut. Col. Henry Carroll, commanding the First brigade of the cavalry division, recalls to the memory of western people a frontier tragedy in which himself and troops under his command played a prominent part.

In the latter part of the summer of 1890 a young man named Hugh Boyle whose home was at Champaign, Ill., arrived in the vicinity of the Tongue River reservation, Mont., to visit with relatives, who were old settlers in that region. On the evening of September 4, of that year, the young man, while on his way on horseback to aid his uncle in herding cattle, was waylaid on the long and isolated road by two Cheyenne Indians, afterwards discovered to be Head Chief and Young Male, and fatally murdered by them. Because of his failure to appear at his uncle's home it had been believed that some accident had befallen him, and a diligent search was immediately instituted.

The following day the horse ridden by him was found, still saddled, grazing by the roadside. After searching for nearly three days the only trace of the youth that could be discovered was his hat, which was found filled with earth in a depression or "run." An examination of the hat revealed a hole in it which was clearly made by a bullet. Blood spots were also noticeable around the hole.

Satisfied that a murder had been committed, the Indian chiefs were called upon to assist in unraveling the mystery and bringing the murderer or murderers to justice. At that time Tongue River agency was temporarily in charge of James A. Cooper, of Winfield, Kan., then a special agent of the interior department, who afterward furnished the writer with the details of the remarkable incident. On September 9 American Horse, a subchief, discovered the body, and at once notified Special Agent Cooper.

The special agent, accompanied by Maj. Carroll, then of the First United States cavalry, and a number of Indians, guided by American Horse, proceeded to the spot where the body had been discovered. The place where it was found was in a "break" between two peaks near the top of a mountain, only four miles from the agency. The body had been carefully secreted, and would never have been discovered by a casual passer-by. It was taken to the agency in an army ambulance, which had been provided for the purpose, and given a proper burial. Boyle's relatives were notified, and two of his brothers afterwards arrived and removed it to their eastern home.

The special agent and party made a careful examination of the vicinity of the spot where the body had been found, to determine whether the foul murder was committed by Indians or whites. Foot prints made by moccasins or bare feet—it was hard to determine which, so indistinct were the marks—were found in the fresh earth, and at several points leading to the spot.

American Horse, after a brief examination of the foot prints, withdrew in silence to one side. Upon being pressed by Mr. Cooper to give his opinion as to who could have killed the young man and left the tracks, American Horse finally said that he knew who did the deed and gave the names of Young Male and Head Chief as the guilty parties.

The police and friendly Indians to the number of about 25 immediately commenced a search. Previous to their departure the special agent had issued orders for every Indian belonging on the reservation to come into the agency, and all obeyed the order except the two murderers. This fact settled any doubt that there might be as to who the guilty parties were. Friday noon following, after a diligent search, the police returned, bringing tidings that no trace of the fugitives could be found. Saturday, September 13, ration day, after the rations had been issued to the assembled Indians, all of them were called to the agent's office, where they were told the necessity of promptly bringing in the two murderers, as the whites were becoming enraged at the delay, and were making all sorts of threats against the Indians.

The famous chief Two Moon, who is the head chief of one of the five bands on the reservation, acted as spokesman for the Cheyennes, and stepped forward when the agent had ceased speaking. He stated that his people had held a council and were prepared to satisfy the law, from their standpoint. Their proposition was that the agent take 30 ponies in payment for the death of young Boyle. They intended that the ponies should be accepted and sent to the relatives of the murdered boy as a compensation for the death of the young man. The offer was promptly rejected, and they were given to understand that the white man's law could not be satisfied in that manner.

The father of Head Chief made an eloquent plea for his son, but it was unavailing. Seeing the agent was determined not to accede to their proposition, and that nothing that the Indians demanded would be accepted, the father of Head Chief strode up to the agent, and with eyes glittering viciously, said:

"I had hoped that the matter could be settled with the ponies. I see you are determined not to accept them. My son's mission to you was, if you did not accept the ponies, for you to select the ground, as he wants to come in and die in your presence, and show you how a Cheyenne can fight and die!"

The agent then again addressed Two Moon and asked him if it were not possible to secure the fugitives without re-

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.
The Kind You Have Always Bought Bears the Signature of
Dr. J. C. Fitch
In Use For Over Thirty Years
CASTORIA

Allegible Preparation for As-stimulating Deficient Digestion, Regulating Stomach and Bowels.

Promotes Digestion, Cleanses and Softens Stomach, Cures Colic, Cures Worms, Cures Constipation, Cures Diarrhea, Cures Feverishness and Loss of Sleep.

Is the Sure Signature of
Dr. J. C. Fitch
NEW YORK.
35 Doses 35 Cents.

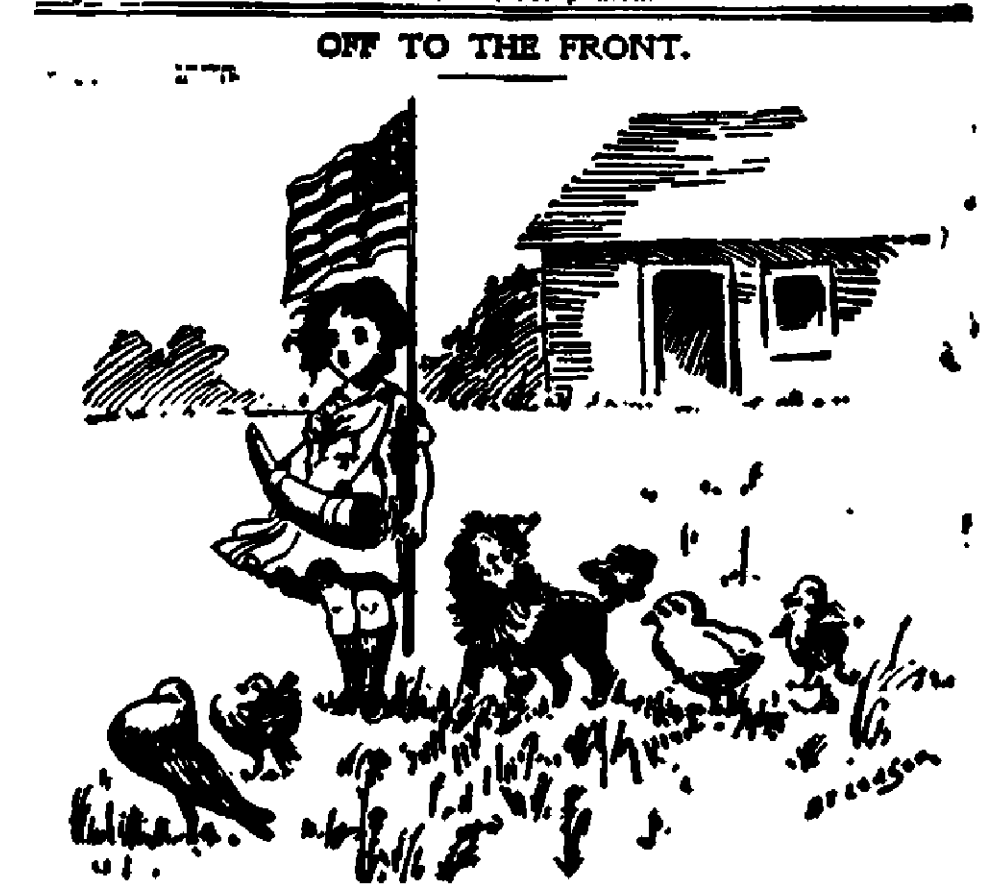
EXACT COPY OF WRAPPER.

LADIES, WE HAVE A FEW PAIRS
—OF—
Those Nice Soft Black and Tan Prince Alberts Left at \$1 a Pair. They Were \$1.50 a Pair.
We have lots of nice comfortable shoes for this warm weather at the One Price Shoe Store of
J. G. Harding, 25 West Main St., Middletown.

TOMPKINS'
New Dry Goods Store, 35 North St.
ABSOLUTE CLOSING OUT OF ALL SUMMER GOODS.
As the Season Advances, Prices are Marked Still Lower.
THIS WEEK'S STORE NEWS PUTS THE LAST GOOD-BYE PRICE ON MANY DESIRABLE GOODS.
Don't Fail to Be on Hand for Your Share.

- Cotton Wash Goods**
at prices that will clean out the lot quick.
- Jaconets, Lawns and Organdies**
north 10c yard. Quite an assortment in this lot. We don't want to carry them over into next season so we have marked them at 10c a yard.
- Fine Jaconets, Organdies and Dimities**
12 1/2 and 15c goods. The entire balance of this season's goods you will find piled on our counters, and you can take your pick from the lot while they last at 50 per cent.
- Dress Gingham**
16 and 17 1/2c quality. About two pieces in this lot. They have outlasted their welcome here. While they last buy them at 50 per cent.
- This Sale**
In one of our mid summer events that deserves national attention, it is our duty to offer you a special sale of our summer goods. It is our duty to offer you a special sale of our summer goods. It is our duty to offer you a special sale of our summer goods.
- Closing Out of Wrappers**
We have about 100 Wrappers, 12 1/2 and 15c quality. About two pieces in this lot. They have outlasted their welcome here. While they last buy them at 50 per cent.
- 50 Wrappers**
Made in the best possible manner. Prices were 25 to 30 c a yard. All new, pressed perfect. At this sale they are marked the 50c.
- Men's Neckties**
Cravat shape, made of light colored silk, regular size, about ten dozen. Closing out sale price 10c each.
- Crash Skirts**
2 1/2 dozen in this lot. Regular 50c value. At sale 25c each.
- Art Embroideries**
Special set for this sale. Outlined Doyleys to each. Larger size to each. Large square 10c each. A beautiful line of cut out Pillow Shams, Bureau Covers and Stead Covers at low prices for this sale.
- Linens**
A few remarkably good values at lower prices than you have ever known before, even here, where low prices are always the rule.
- Large Bath Towels**
Brown or white, 10c each.
- Hank Towels**
Framed, 12 1/2, 15c each.
- Huck Towels**
24x40 inches, striped, 10c each.
- Remnants of All Linen Toweling**
each 2 yards long, 10c each.
- Half Bleached Table Cloth**
worth 10c, 10c per yard.
Bleached and Half Bleached Table Cloth, worth 10c, 10c per yard.
Bleached and Half Bleached Table Cloth, worth 10c, 10c per yard.
Bleached and Half Bleached Table Cloth, worth 10c, 10c per yard.
- White Spreads**
Some very special numbers sold much under retail value at this sale.
Cotton Spreads 11-12 size, 40c each.
Cotton Spreads, 11-12 size, each \$1. worth \$1.25.
- Soap Sale**
5 gross of Castile Soap, with wash rag included, 30c per case.
Natural soap 25c per case.
Pearl Soap 12c per case.
Toilet Soap 10c per case.
Toilet Soap 10c per case.
Toilet Soap 10c per case.
- Closing Out of Summer Gloves**
Black Taffeta, black silk, with white stitching and pearl buttons, 10c, all silk, all are 50c goods. Your choice of the entire lot 10c per pair.
- Parasols at Closing Out Prices**
All Parasols left on hand must go, and to make them go we are marking AT HALF PRICE the entire lot.
- Stationery**
Box of Paper and Envelopes, each.
Box of Paper and Envelopes, each.
Box of Paper and Envelopes, each.
Box of Paper and Envelopes, each.
- White Aprons**
25 dozen in this lot. Full length, 10c each. Closing out price 10c each.

J. W. TOMPKINS.
No. 35 North Street, Middletown.



DAILY ARGUS

WEATHER INDICATIONS.

WASHINGTON, D. C., August 6.—Fair to-night and Sunday, warmer; north-westerly winds.

THE TEMPERATURE.

The following was the reading of the thermometer at the observatory, to-day:

AMUSEMENT NOTES.
—Aug. 6.—Excursion to Niagara Falls, via O. and W. Railroad.
—Aug. 7.—Excursion to Coney Island, via O. and W. Railroad.
—Aug. 11.—Mary Powell excursion.
—Aug. 15.—A. O. M. picnic, at Messencher Park.
—Aug. 16.—Conductors' clam bake, at Liberty.

Although there are many Republicans in the Forty-second district who think John Raines a bad lot, he was given, Friday, a unanimous recommendation and will go back to the Senate to do more tuckering with the endow and election laws. Forgetful that "he who accuses accuses," Mr. Raines devoted his speech of acceptance to the defense of the Force bill passed at the extra session.

Senator Platt evidently welcomes the canal investigating commission report as a plausible pretext for dumping Gov. Black. The talk at Republican headquarters, Friday, was that Black could not escape responsibility for the canal scandal, and was therefore out of the race for a re-nomination. The name of Secretary Bliss was put forward tentatively, and if it is well received word may be sent out for the organization to get in line behind him.

Ben Odell was trotted out, Friday, as Platt's candidate for United States Senator to succeed Senator Murphy. It is admitted that the mass of the Republicans of the State are not crying out for his selection, since they regard him merely as a cunning and not over-scrupulous politician who has won a distinction as a member of the House of Representatives, but it is said in Mr. Odell's behalf that he is a safe man and that the party might do worse.

The First New York's vaunted "pull" seems to have failed it in the matter of securing a decent vessel to transport the first battalion to Honolulu. The Charles Nelson, in which the troops embarked, seems to be all that a transport should not be, and to be so lacking in necessary accommodations that the soldiers will certainly have to endure many hardships before they reach their destination. Fortunately, nothing is said against the seaworthiness of the vessel, and therefore the friends of "ours" are spared uneasiness on that account. It's all right for the government to award contracts for transporting Spanish prisoners to Spain to the lowest bidder, but when it comes to transporting our own troops the lowest bid should not be accepted unless there is a certainty that the bidder will furnish vessels fit for the service to be performed.

THE MACCABEES' LAWN PARTY.

A Large Attendance and a Bang Sum Realized—The O. & W. Silver Band Concert.

The lawn party of the Knights and Ladies of the Maccabees at the Berry residence, on Wickham avenue, Friday evening, was a pronounced success. The O. & W. Silver Band's concert lasted for over an hour, and those present were unanimous in saying that the band never played as well. After the concert the guests scattered about the lawn, partaking of refreshments, and enjoying themselves in many ways. It was late when the company dispersed. The party was a financial success, a snug sum having been realized.

A feature of the evening's entertainment was Judson K. Wiggins' phonograph selections.

Major Mance Home.

Major Mance returned from Detroit, Friday, where he has been attending the meeting of the League of American Municipalities. He reports that he was hospitably entertained and that he enjoyed the addresses made. The next meeting will be held at Syracuse in 1899.

ALL NECESSARY MEDICINES AT SANTIAGO.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 6.—Surgeon General Sternberg, to-day, received the following cable from Lieut. Col. Harvard, chief surgeon at Santiago:

Necessary medicines have been purchased and all present needs supplied. The report about overcrowded transports will be furnished as soon as possible. Similar things will not occur again. The reference to overcrowded transports relates to a telegraphic inquiry made by Gen. Sternberg for particulars as to the Seneca and the Concho.

OUT ON THE PACIFIC.

SAN FRANCISCO, Aug. 6.—The transports Lakme and Charles G. Nelson bearing the five companies of the First New York Volunteers and the second United States Volunteer Engineers, sailed for Honolulu, to-day.

A TROOPSHIP FROM SANTIAGO.

NEW YORK, Aug. 6.—The United States transport Lakme was sighted off the Highlands at 1 o'clock, to-day. She has troops on board from Santiago for Montauk Point, and is the first of the transports which are bringing up troops from Santiago.

RUSSIA AND ENGLAND

Their Relations Becoming Very Strained.

THE SICK SOLDIERS.

The Camp at Montauk Being Prepared for Them.

Extreme Diplomatic Tension Admitted Between England and Russia—The British Fleet in Readiness to Be Mobilized at Short Notice.

LONDON, Aug. 6.—That extreme diplomatic tension exists between St. Petersburg and London is generally admitted to-day, though officials deprecate the alarmist reports current.

It is hoped that the former stand adopted by Lord Salisbury during the last few days, which seems already to have created some misgiving at St. Petersburg, will have the desired effect of arresting Russian aggressiveness. It is felt both here and on the continent that the outcome of the dispute in regard to the new Chwang railroad extension is a crucial point of success or failure of Great Britain's policy of "open doors."

As evidence that Great Britain appreciates the gravity of the situation, the Associated Press learns that the Admiralty is preparing for all emergencies, and that it will soon be ready to mobilize the entire fleet at the shortest notice. Every officer and man on furlough or on half-pay has been assigned to a ship, and instructed to be in readiness to join the earliest moment possible after being notified. Therefore practically every ship in the British navy, in or out of commission, at the present moment has a full war complement of officers and men to take her to sea when the time arrives.

According to Paris advices, Admiral Bedellier, commanding the French China squadron, has cabled a demand for reinforcements, and for a large credit to be applied to erecting fortifications. The reasons given show no signs of hostility, but the suspicion here is that the action of the French Admiral may be connected with a desire to back up Russian designs.

SPAIN'S REPLY TO PEACE CONDITIONS.

MADRID, Aug. 6.—Spain's reply to the United States has been completed, and the correspondent of the Associated Press learns that it accepts the American peace conditions. It was submitted to the Queen Regent, this morning, previous to the Cabinet meeting.

DEATH OF EX-SENATOR KLINE.

AMSTERDAM, N. Y., Aug. 6.—Ex-Senator Adam W. Kline died this morning, aged 80 years. He was the pioneer of the knit goods manufacturing here and started mills here in 1857. He was also prominent as a merchant and banker. He was elected State Senator in 1865. He was an intimate friend of Roscoe Conkling and Charles J. Folger.

THE CAMP AT MONTAUK.

Getting Things in Readiness for Shafter's Sick Soldiers.

AMAGANSETT, L. I., Aug. 6.—The work getting the camp ready for General Shafter's army is being rushed. General S. M. B. Young, who is to be temporary commander of the camp, is at Montauk with Capt. J. K. Patton, quartermaster of volunteers, and Chief Engineer Smith, of the Quartermaster General's office, superintending the work. It is expected that much of the camp will be completed when the first cavalry troops arrive from Santiago on Wednesday or Thursday next. Army carpenters are now at work on the storage buildings and work will be carried on day and night. The camp will have an extensive electric light plant and there will be telegraphic and telephone connections. A corps of postal clerks will arrive in a day or two to open the post office. A train load of tents, stores, medicines and provisions is on the way to Montauk.

FOR CONVALESCENT SOLDIERS.

The Surgeon General's Plans for Their Care—To Be Sent to Many Points.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 6.—It is proposed to make all necessary arrangements for insuring the comfort and recovery of Shafter's troops and at the same time insure their proper isolation, so that there will be no possible danger to those outside the garrisons.

In addition to Fort Eathna Allen and the barracks at Plattburgh, N. Y., which the Surgeon General has in view for convalescents, he has now determined to use Madison barracks, located in New York, on Lake Ontario, where lake air will be conducive to speedy recovery. These three points will be the main ones for convalescents, but a number of other places will be used for taking smaller numbers well along toward recovery. Fifty tents, five beds each, will be established at Fort Wadsworth, New York harbor, and fifty tents at Fort Hamilton, New York, and the barracks at Governor's Island will be utilized. About 2,000 can be looked after by New York hospitals.

The future is uncertain, but if you keep your blood pure with Hood's Sarsaparilla you may be sure of good health.

MERRY MAKING AT BLOOMINGBURGH.

Boat and Swimming Races, To-day—Handsome Prizes.

The boat and swimming races at Bloomingburgh were on this afternoon. The events and the prizes were: Men's Single—Schubert Trophy. Ladies' Single—Bardon Trophy. Boys under 15—Beckman Cup. Girls under 15—Hickson Trophy. Swimming—Tworger Cup. Tub Race—Kiel Cup.

The judges of the events were: Larry Bardon, W. H. Land and Joseph Herschman, of New York.

Referee and starter: George I. Tworger, of Brooklyn.

Timer: A. Beckman, of New York.

The prizes were from D. C. Dusenberry & Son's, and were prettily engraved by D. Willis Dusenberry.

GOING TO PORTO RICO.

Orange County Men Will Look Into Its Business Possibilities.

Judge Dickey and his son Frank, Maj. Weston and W. R. Durr, superintendent of the Delaware division of the Erie, sailed for Ponce, to-day. They carry with them a letter from Assistant Secretary of War Meiseljohn, directing the representatives of the United States in Porto Rico, and all generals, to give them every facility and protection during their stay in Porto Rico.

It is understood the object of their visit is to look into the business possibilities of Porto Rico.

A Gold Watch Stolen.

About 9 o'clock, this morning, a stranger entered August Kroeger's tailor shop on James street and asked to have some slight repairs made to his clothes. He waited while the work was being done and then left. At noon Mr. Kroeger discovered that his gold watch was missing from his vest, which was hanging in the shop. The matter was reported to the police.

Crawford Branch Engine Derailed.

The Pine Bush engine got off the track at that place, this morning, and the train did not reach here until 10:15. Engineer Mitrman succeeded in replacing the engine upon the rails without calling out the wreckers.

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE REPORT.

JAN. F. TIGHE, Commission Broker, Stern Building, 18 North Street, Middletown, N. Y. Stocks, Bonds, Grain and Provisions bought and sold for cash or carried on margin.

	Yesterday	To-day
Rubber	133 1/2	133 1/2
Tobacco	127 1/2	127 1/2
Chicago Gas	100	100 1/2
Nat. Lead	87 1/2	87
General Electric	40 1/2	40 1/2
U. S. L. pref.	98 1/2	98 1/2
Trans. Coal and Iron	30 1/2	30 1/2
O. T. & S. F.	18 1/2	18 1/2
O. M. & S. F.	11 1/2	11 1/2
A. L. & W. pref.	102 1/2	102 1/2
D. L. & W.	99 1/2	100 1/2
O. of N. Y.	91 1/2	91 1/2
Erie	18 1/2	18 1/2
D. and W.	18 1/2	18 1/2
O. & W.	18 1/2	18 1/2
Sauquoit & West.	18 1/2	18 1/2
Sauquoit & West., pref.	18 1/2	18 1/2
P. & E.	18 1/2	18 1/2
N. W.	18 1/2	18 1/2
N. Y. C.	119 1/2	119 1/2
M. F.	84 1/2	84 1/2
Texas	12 1/2	12 1/2
U. F.	25 1/2	25 1/2
U. S. Union	64	64 1/2
L. & N.	54 1/2	54 1/2
Manhattan	107 1/2	107 1/2
Wash. pref.	31 1/2	31 1/2
No. Pacific	75 1/2	74
Metropolitan Traction	127 1/2	128
Brooklyn Rapid Transit	65 1/2	66 1/2
Southern, pref.	82 1/2	83 1/2
Sept. Wheat	67 1/2	68 1/2
Sept. Corn	28 1/2	28 1/2
Sept. Oats	21 1/2	21 1/2
Sept. Pork	99 00	99 00
Sept. Lard	6 32	6 32

BIRTHS.

GORMAN—In this city, Aug. 5, to Mr. and Mrs. F. W. Gorman, of No. 16 Everett street, a son.

DIED.

HANFORD—In this city, Aug. 6, of heart disease, Mrs. Anna Decker Baverdine Hanford, widow of J. B. Hanford, aged sixty-eight years.

Funeral services will be held, Monday afternoon, at two thirty (2:30) o'clock, at the residence, 56 Highland avenue. Interment in family plot Hillside Cemetery.

Easy to Take
Easy to Operate

Are features peculiar to Hood's Pills. Small in size, tasteless, efficient, thorough. As one man

Hood's
Pills

Said: "You never know you have taken a pill till it is all over." 25c. C. I. Hood & Co., Proprietors, Lowell, Mass. The only pills to take with Hood's Sarsaparilla.

MID-SUMMER SALE!

Now Going on at Stern's.

Read carefully and be happy. We have now on display a big assortment of SKIRTS, (our special), a 4 yard wide Crash Skirt for 48c. We have sold over 200 inside of ten days another at 95c; in White Duck at 98; Pique at \$1.48 and \$1.98. Over 100 doz. of Ladies' Shirt Waists in stock. No such assortment elsewhere. White Lawn and White Pique in all sizes. The balance of Millinery goes at greatly reduced prices. All at

STERN'S 13-15 NORTH ST.

A full line of all Silk Brocaded Skirts for \$4.75. Sold elsewhere for \$6.75.



We are agents for the sale of this celebrated make of
FAST BLACK HOSIERY!
which we confidently recommend to you as the best article for purity of dye and wearing quality ever offered to the public.

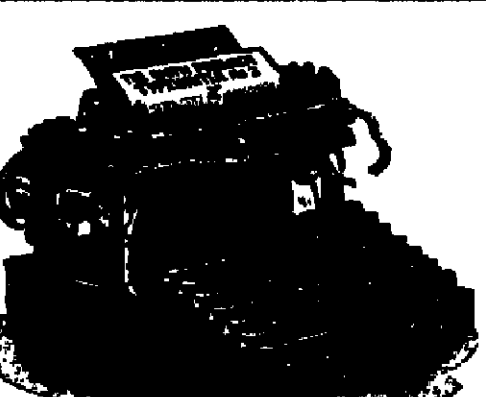
We carry in stock full lines for

Ladies, Men and Children, prices from 15c to \$1 per pair.

CARSON & TOWNER,

No. 11 West Main Street.

Telephone 166.



The Smith Premier

THE BEST TYPEWRITER IN THE MARKET!

If you are thinking of buying a Typewriter, call on or address

HARRY W. TUTHILL,

AGENT, MIDDLETOWN, N. Y. ALL KINDS OF TYPEWRITER SUPPLIES AT LOWEST RATES. Sent Weekly July 19

Money left with the First National Bank of Middletown, on certificate of deposit, for three (3) months, will draw interest at the rate of three (3) per cent. per annum. By order Board of Directors. SETMOOR DeWitt, Cashier.

THE FIRST NATIONAL BANK.

A Special

Purchase!

50 Doz Shirt Waists.

All new styles, this season's goods. Delinty Lawns. Fine Percales.

75c Waists at 48c

60c Waists at 35c

BEAUTIFUL PLAID PATTERNS.

Come and get one. They won't last long.

H. E. CHURCHILL & CO.,

No. 39 North Street.

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE.

The large, valuable and paying General Feed, Flouring and Custom Mills of Mr. Thos. Marsh, at Philipburgh.

The best mill, with the best patronage, and supplied with the best water power of any in Orange county.

An excellent, long established and profitable business.

Mr. Marsh, on account of age, desires to retire from active business.

This is a great opportunity for a young or middle aged man to receive an established business.

APPLY TO

A. V. BOAK,

Real Estate Agent, 85 North St.

A Handsome Complexion

is one of the greatest charms a woman can possess. FOSTER'S COMPLEXION POWDER gives it.

FOR SALE—Country Village Home.

acres level land in good cultivation, large barn and outbuildings, all in good repair. Box 8, Warrenboro, Sullivan county.

COME IN

Add wander around our store. There is always something there to interest you.

New Books in paper or cloth, new Magazines, fashion and others, new designs in Fine Stationery, new Pictures, new Photographic Supplies.

Look around as much as you please without feeling any obligation to purchase anything.

School trustees wanting school furniture this fall will do well to leave their order early.

Hanford & Horton,

No. 6 North St., Middletown.

Great Reduction in Price of Summer Shoes.

Children's Tan Slippers 65c. Misses' Tan Shoes, lace or button, 86c.

Little Boys' Tan Shoes 89c.

Ladies' fine kid hand sewed pointed toe Oxfords reduced from \$2.50 to only \$1.50.

Ladies' \$2.50 Bicycle Shoes \$1.99.

You are sure to save money if you follow the footprints to

C. D. HANFORD'S,

No. 43 North Street.

Gas Engines.

It is now a well-known fact that gas is a superior motive power.

Requiring No Fuel, No Coal, No Wood, and making no noise, hence no cleaning, and dispensing with engineers and firemen, making a saving sufficient to operate any steam plant where power is needed.

I AM THE SOLE AGENT for the well-known and always reliable

HARTIG Gas or Gasoline ENGINES.

One can be seen in successful operation in my store and workshop. Any one in need of cover will do well to first looking into the merits of the HARTIG. Every engine guaranteed.

CHAS. H. BRINK,

16 King St., Times Building.

INSURANCE

in old, strong companies against both fire and

Loss of Rent

resulting from fire.

A. B. WILBUR

16 cents per pound for the finest Maracaibo Coffee that money can buy. This special price only for Saturday, Aug. 5th.

B. F. TODD, 121 North St.

CRASH HATS!

12c. for the Lion Hat

25c. for the Silk Hat

The hat for the faces of any other wear.

Morris B. Wolf,

No. 10 North Street.

E. E. CONKLING, Insurance and Real Estate

The seizure of the bridge insured control of the road to Vienna. Fleissner now may collect

1

ATTORNEY AT LAW AND NOTARY PUBLIC
IN NEW YORK CITY.

POWER'S Little Party Store.

DROWNED IN LOCH SHELDRAKE.

Accident in Which a Party Was Having Dinner and Two Young Women Drowned—Another Young Woman Rescued—Just as the Boat Was Sinking for the Last Time—One of the Bodies Recovered.

Hurleyville and Loch Sheldrake were greatly excited, Friday, just about noon, when a boat was upset on the lake at the latter place and two young women were drowned and another had a very narrow escape.

All of the parties were stopping at Brophy's large boarding house about a mile from Hurleyville. The drowned girls were Mamie Connolly, aged twenty-three, of 616 East 129th street, New York city, and Marie Dwyer, aged sixteen, of Brooklyn, and their companions in the ill-fated boat were Miss Nellie Timmerman, of Vandam street, New York, and Joseph Tully, of Williamsburgh.

The lake at Loch Sheldrake was very rough, Friday. It was dangerous to be upon it in an over-loaded, light, round-bottomed boat, and when this party started from the dock with Dan O'Connor, of New York, also in the boat, he became alarmed, and made Tully row back to shore and he left the boat.

The party had gone about 300 feet from the shore when the girls decided to change seats. All three stood up, and the boat began to rock, and Miss Dwyer lost her balance and was pitched overboard. The next instant the boat was overturned and the four disappeared from view.

There were other boats on the lake and some of the occupants witnessed the accident, and as the girls appeared above the water their screams alarmed everyone in the vicinity.

Tully could swim and he reached the overturned boat and tried to right it, but in vain. He saw Miss Timmerman appear a few feet away and leaving the boat, struck out bravely for her. He was too late, for she sank before he reached her, and he returned to the boat. Miss Dwyer and Miss Connolly came up, several yards away, their palms pressed together as if dying in prayer. Tully could do nothing for them and he made another effort to catch Miss Timmerman as she appeared for the second time. He failed again and the weight of his water-soaked clothing was fast exhausting him.

Boats were approaching as she appeared the last time and by a superhuman effort he reached the unconscious girl and caught her hair. He held her up until he felt himself going down with his weight and here, when a man named Kelly reached them in a boat and pulled both into it. Miss Timmerman was soon resuscitated.

The other girls had come to the surface but once, and efforts were quickly made to drag the lake at that point. A hundred boats soon congregated in the vicinity, and many lines were lowered. About 3:30 the body of Miss Connolly was raised in about thirty feet of water. It was removed to the little church at Loch Sheldrake, and Coroner Hoyt of Bridgeville, was notified.

Dragging for Miss Dwyer's body was continued until dark, and then given up until to-day.

When an Argus reporter reached the Brophy boarding house, Friday night, about one hundred city people, who are guests there, were discussing the accident in undertones. When the reporter's mission was announced they became indignant that anything should be printed about the affair, and a bent apple tree became the reporter's only companion in a very few moments.

A confiding old lady who was met on the road told the story as she had heard it from an eye-witness. She said that Mrs. Dwyer, mother of Mamie, was prostrated in the Brophy house. She had been told that her daughter's body had been recovered, and it was doubtful for that reason that the boards were so uncommunicative. The Dwyers had reached the Brophy house but the day before.

Miss Connolly had no relatives at the house, and word was sent to her people, Friday night.

Miss Dwyer's brother was at Hurleyville when the accident happened, and on being told that his sister was drowned fainted away in the wagon in which he was riding.

Readers of *Fraser's* in *Goshen*.

From the Independent Republic.

A Lockport contemporary notes with pride the arrival of the first load of peaches at that place. Loads of peaches have been frequently seen in Goshen on band concert nights for some weeks. The most of them are packed in straw, and come from the nearby summer boarding houses. Goshen's young men gaze on them with respectful admiration.

Excursion Rates to Middletown Races.

Secretary W. F. Royce, of the Driving Park Association, has been notified by the Erie officials that a rate of one fare and a third will be given between Port Jervis and Tuxedo, and on all branches during the races, good returning until Aug. 13.

Railroad Contract Let.

The contract for building the railroad from Delhi to Andes has been let to Murray, Strong & Totten, a wealthy firm of contractors in New York city. Work will be begun as soon as possible.

Impure blood is an enemy to health, and may lead to serious disease. Hood's Sarsaparilla conquers this enemy and averts danger.

For Delicacy,
the city, and for improvement of the complexion nothing equals *Proctor's* Powder.

THE POUGHKEEPSIE RACES.

Fourth Day of the State Breeders' Association Meeting.

The breeders' meeting was to have closed, Friday, at Poughkeepsie, but after Star Boy had won two heats in the 2:15 trot, Ethel found his gait and split up the event, which had to be postponed until to-day. Lockwood, Ethel's driver, was fined \$25 for starting ahead of the pole horse. Three horses led the field under the wire in a bunch in the third heat of the 2:36 trot, but Roman Boy was trotting and Highland Maid and Garland M. were running. The judges gave the heat to Roman Boy. No time was announced. Summaries:

2:15 class, trotting and pacing, consolation race, purse \$100, by Gen. Manager.

Star Boy, b. g., by Gen. Manager 1 1 1
Lockwood, b. g., by Gen. Manager 2 2 2
Garland M., b. g., by Gen. Manager 3 3 3
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